(XXXIXth YEAR.) THE (No. 1914.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1783.

Cantonment of the American army on the Hudson's river, May 10, 1783.

PROPOSALS of eſtabliſhing a ſociety, upon principles therein mentioned, whoſe members ſhall be the officers of the American army, having been communicated to the ſeveral regiments of the reſpective lines, they appointed an officer from each, who, in conjunction with the general officers, ſhould take the ſame into conſideration, at their meeting this day, at which the hon. major gen. baron de Steuben, the ſenior officer preſent, was pleaſed to preſide.

The propoſals being read, fully conſidered paragraph by paragraph, and the amendments agreed to, major gen. Knox, brig. gen. Huntington, brig. gen. Hand, and captain Shaw, were choſen to reviſe the ſame and prepare a copy to be laid before this aſſembly at their next meeting, to be holden at major gen. baron de Steuben's quarters on Tueſday the 13th inſtant.

Tueſday 13th May 1783.

The repreſentatives of the American army being aſſembled agreeable to adjournment, the plan for eſtabliſhing a ſociety whereof the officers of the army are to be members is accepted, and is as follows, viz.

It having pleaſed the Supreme Governor of the Univerſe, in the diſpoſition of human affairs, to cauſe the ſeparation of the colonies of North America from the domination of Great-Britain, and after a bloody conflict of eight years to eſtabliſh them free, ſovereign, and independent ſtates, connected by alliances founded on reciprocal advantage with ſome of the great princes and powers of the earth:

To perpetuate therefore, as well the remembrance of this vaſt event as the mutual friendſhips which have been formed under the preſſure of common danger, and in many inſtances cemented by the blood of the parties, the officers of the American army do hereby in the moſt ſolemn manner aſſociate, conſtitute and combine themſelves into one *ſociety of friends*, to endure as long as they ſhall endure or any of their eldeſt male poſterity, and in failure thereof, the collateral branches, who may be judged worthy of becoming its ſupporters and members.

The officers of the American army, having generally been taken from the citizens of America, poſſeſs high veneration for the character of that illuſtrious Roman, Lucius Quintus Cincinnatus, and being reſolved to follow his example by returning to their citizenſhip, they think they may with propriety denominate themſelves, *the ſociety of the Cincinnati*.

The following principles ſhall be immutable, and form the baſis of the *ſociety of the Cincinnati*.

An inceſſant attention to preſerve inviolate thoſe exalted rights and liberties of human nature, for which they have fought and bled, and without which the high rank of a *rational* being is a curſe inſtead of a bleſſing.

An unalterable determination to promote and cheriſh between the reſpective ſtates that union and national honour, ſo eſſentially neceſſary to their happineſs, and the future dignity of the American empire.

To render permanent the cordial affection ſubſiſting among the officers; this ſpirit will dictate brotherly kindneſs in all things, and particularly extend to the moſt ſubſtantial acts of beneficence, according to the ability of the ſociety, towards thoſe officers and their families who unfortunately may be under the neceſſity of receiving it.

The general ſociety will, for the ſake of frequent communications, be divided into ſtate ſocieties, and thoſe again into ſuch diſtricts as ſhall be directed by the ſtate societies.

The societies of the diſtricts to meet as often as ſhall be agreed upon by the ſtate ſocieties, thoſe of the ſtate on the fourth day of July annually, or oftener if they ſhall find it expedient, and the general ſociety on the firſt Monday in May annually, ſo long as they ſhall deem it neceſſary; and afterwards at leaſt once in every three years. At each meeting the principles of the inſtitution will be fully conſidered, and the beſt meaſures to promote them adopted.

The ſtate ſocieties will conſiſt of all the members reſiding in each ſtate reſpectively; and any member removing from one ſtate to another is to be conſidered, in all reſpects, as belonging to the ſociety of the ſtate in which he ſhall actually reſide.

The ſtate ſocieties to have a preſident, vice preſident, ſecretary, treaſurer, and aſſiſtant treaſurer, to be choſen annually, by a majority of votes, at the ſtate meeting.

Each ſtate meeting ſhall write annually, or oftener if neceſſary, a circular letter to the other ſtate ſocieties, noting whatever they may think worthy of obſervation reſpecting the good of the ſociety, or the general union of the ſtates, and giving information of the officers choſen for the current year. Copies of theſe letters ſhall be regularly tranſmitted to the ſecretary general of the ſociety, who will record them in a book to be aſſigned for that purpoſe.

The ſtate ſociety will regulate every thing reſpecting itſelf and the ſocieties of its diſtricts, conſiſtent with the general maxims of the *Cincinnati*; judge of the qualifications of the members who may be propoſed, and expel any member, who by a conduct inconſiſtent with a gentleman, and a man of honour, or by an oppoſition to the intereſts of the community in general, or the ſociety in particular, may render himſelf unworthy to continue a member.

In order to form funds which may be reſpectable and aſſiſt the unfortunate, each officer ſhall deliver to the treaſurer of the ſtate ſociety one month's pay, which ſhall remain for ever to the uſe of the ſtate ſociety, the intereſt only of which, if neceſſary, to be appropriated to the relief of the unfortunate.

Donations may be made by perſons not of the ſociety, and by members of the ſociety, for the expreſs purpoſe of forming permanent funds for the uſe of the ſtate ſociety, and the intereſt of theſe donations appropriated in the ſame manner as that of the month's pay.

Monies, at the pleaſure of each member, may be ſubſcribed in the ſocieties of the diſtrict, or the ſtate ſocieties, for the relief of the unfortunate members, or their widows and orphans, to be appropriated by the ſtate ſociety only.

The meeting of the general ſociety ſhall conſiſt of its officers, and a repreſentation from each ſtate ſociety in number not exceeding five, whoſe expences ſhall be borne by their reſpective ſtate ſocieties.

In the general meeting, the preſident, vice preſident, ſecretay, aſſiſtant ſecretary, treaſurer, and aſſiſtant treaſurer generals, ſhall be choſen to ſerve until the next meeting.

The circular letters which have been written by the reſpective ſtate ſocieties to each other, and their particular laws, ſhall be read and conſidered and all meaſures concerted which may conduce to the general intendment of the ſociety.

It is probable that ſome perſons may make donations to the general ſociety, for the purpoſe of eſtabliſhing funds for the further comfort of the unfortunate; in which caſe, ſuch donations muſt be placed in the hands of the treaſurer general, the intereſt only of which to be diſpoſed of if neceſſary, by the general meeting.

All the officers of the American army, as well thoſe who have reſigned with honour after three years ſervice in the capacity of officers, or who have been deranged by the reſolution of Congreſs upon the ſeveral reforms of the army, as thoſe who ſhall have continued to the end of the war, have the right to become parties to this inſtitution; provided that they ſubſcribe one month's pay, and ſign their names to the general rules in their reſpective ſtate ſocieties; thoſe who are preſent with the army immediately; and others, within ſix months after the army ſhall be diſbanded, extraordinary caſes excepted. The rank, time of ſervice, reſolution of congreſs, by which any have been deranged, and place of reſidence, muſt be added to each name: and as a teſtimony of affection to the memory and the offspring of ſuch officers as have died in the ſervice, their eldeſt male branches ſhall have the ſame right of becoming members as the children of the actual members of the ſociety.

Thoſe officers who are foreigners, not reſident in any of the ſtates, will have their names enrolled by the ſecretary general, and are to be conſidered as members in the ſocieties of any of the ſtates in which they may happen to be.

And as there are and will at all times be men in the reſpective ſtates, eminent for their abilities and patriotiſm, whoſe views may be directed to the ſame laudable objects with thoſe of the *Cincinnati*, it ſhall be a rule to admit ſuch characters, as honorary members of the ſociety for their own lives only. Provided always, that the number of honorary members in each ſtate does not exceed a ratio of one to four of the officers or their deſcendants.

Each ſtate ſociety ſhall obtain a liſt of its members, and at the firſt annual meeting the ſtate ſecretary ſhall have engroſſed on parchment, two copies of the inſtitution of the ſociety, which every member preſent ſhall ſign; and the ſecretary ſhall endeavour to procure the ſignature of every abſent member; one of theſe liſts to be tranſmitted to the ſecretary general to be kept in the archives of the ſociety, and the other to remain in the hands of the ſtate ſecretary.

From the ſtate liſts the ſecretary general muſt make out, at the firſt general meeting, a complete liſt of the whole ſociety, a copy of which he will furniſh each ſtate ſecretary.

The ſociety ſhall have an *order* by which its members ſhall be known and diſtinguiſhed, which ſhall be a medal of gold, of a proper ſize to receive the emblems, and ſuſpended by a deep blue ribbon, two inches wide, edged with white, deſcriptive of the union of America and France, viz.

The principal figure to be Cincinnatus, three ſenators preſenting him with a ſword and other military enſigns; on a field in the back ground his wife ſtanding at the door of their cottage, near it a plough and inſtruments of huſbandry; round the whole,

Omnia reliquit ſervare rempublicam.

On the reverſe.

Sun-riſing, a city with open gates, and veſſels entering the port; Fame crowning Cincinnatus with a wreath inſcribed

Virtutis premium.

Below.

Hands joining, ſupporting a heart; with the motto, *eſto perpetua.*

Round the whole,

Societas Cincinnatorum inſtituta A. D. 1783.

The ſociety deeply impreſſed with a ſenſe of the general aſſiſtance this country has received from France, and deſirous of perpetuating the friendſhips which have been formed, and ſo happily ſubſiſted between the officers of the allied forces in the proſecution of the war, direct that the preſident-general tranſmit, as ſoon as may be, to each of the characters hereafter mentioned, a medal containing the order of the ſociety, viz. His Excellency the Chevalier de la Luzerne, miniſter plenipotentiary, his Excellency the Sieure Gerard, late miniſter plenipotentiary, their Excellencies the Count d'Eſtaing, the Count de Graſſe, the Count de Barras, the Chevalier de Touches, admirals and commanders in the navy, his Excellency the Count de Rochambeau, commander in chief, and the generals and colonels in his army, and acquaint them that "the ſociety do themſelves the honour to conſider them as members."

Reſolved, that a copy of the aforegoing inſtitution be given to the ſenior officer of each ſtate line, and that the officers of the reſpective ſtate lines ſign their names to the ſame in manner and form following, viz. We the ſubſcribers, officers of the American army, do hereby voluntarily become parties to the aforegoing inſtitution, and do bind ourſelves to obſerve and be governed by the principles therein contained; for the performance whereof we do ſolemnly pledge to each other our ſacred honour.

Done in the cantonment, on Hudſon's river, in the year 1783.

That the members of the ſociety at the time of ſubſcribing their names to the inſtitution, do alſo ſign a draught on the pay-maſter-general in the following terms (the regiments do it regimentally, and the generals and other officers, not belonging to regiments, each for himſelf individially) viz.

To John Price, Eſq; pay-Maſter-General to the army of the United States.

SIR

Pleaſe to pay to treaſurer for the ſtate aſſociation of the Cincinnati, or his order, one month's pay of our ſeveral grades reſpectively, and deduct the ſame from the balance which ſhall be found due to us on the final liquidation of our accounts, for which this ſhall be your warrant.

That the members of the ſeveral ſtate ſocieties, aſſemble as ſoon as may be for the choice of their preſident and other officers, and that the preſidents correſpond together and appoint a meeting of the officers who may be choſen for each ſtate, in order to purſue ſuch farther meaſures as may be judged neceſſary.

That the general officers, and the officers delegated to repreſent the ſeveral corps of the army, ſubſcribe to the inſtitution of the general ſociety for themſelves and their conſtituents, in the manner and form before preſcribed.

That general Heath, general Baron de Steuben, and general Knox, be a committee to wait on his Excellency the commander in chief, with a copy of the inſtitution, and requeſt him to honour the ſociety by placing his name at the head of it.

That major-general Heath, ſecond in command in this army, be and he hereby is deſired to tranſmit copies of the inſtitution, with the proceedings thereon, to the commanding officer of the ſouthern army; the ſenior officer in each ſtate from Penſylvania to Georgia inclusive; and to the commanding officer of the Rhode-Iſland line; requeſting them to communicate the ſame to the officers under their ſeveral commands; and to take ſuch meaſures as may appear to them neceſſary for expediting the eſtabliſhment of their ſtate ſocieties; and ſending a delegation to repreſent them in the firſt general meeting to be holen on the *firſt Monday in May* 1784.

The meeting then adjourned without day.

FRANCKFORT, *June* 27.

LETTERS from Poland, of the 8th inſtant, import, that Ruſſia declared war againſt the Turks the 24th ult. that hoſtilities had already commenced; that the Turks had ſurpriſed a body of 5000 Ruſſians, and cut the greateſt part to pieces; and that the Ruſſians had ſeized the fortreſs of Oczakow. We expect a confirmation of this news by the next courier.

PARIS, *June* 20. The ſigning of the definitive treaty has never been talked of ſo poſitively as at preſent. We are aſſured that the laſt hand will be put to it upon the return of a courier from London. It is much doubted whether England will deſiſt from her demands, and it is thought that the Dutch will be obliged to give up Negapatam. They have this article much at heart, but it is ſaid that their repugnance in conſenting to it will not be any obſtacle to the treaty; the duke of Mancheſter having declared, that the king his maſter was ſo bent on retaining Negapatam, or Trincomale, that he would refuſe any ſum which might be offered as an equivalent.

LONDON, *July* 1.

It has long been the political error of this kingdom to raiſe the debt of this nation, to the involving of all in the concern for diſcharging the amazing intereſt, the payment of which lies as an intolerable burthen on the pooreſt, demanding the taxes, enhancing all proviſions, and deſtructive of all ſcience, ſkill, and labour; and as proviſions riſe above par with other nations, muſt deſtroy all our marketing of goods in time, both at home and abroad. This and the random leaſed advance of lands, has forced a laſting price of grain, beyond all the foreign markets, uncorrected; there with many nameleſs oppreſſions, muſt urge every genius, labourer, and artiſt, from this land, however loth; with tears they muſt quit their native country, and ſeek themſelves and children a more friendly ſtate.

It is a well known fact to all, that senators have been chosen at the expence of all character and fortune, by bribery, perjury, rioting, and the greatest breach of the peace. Something to prevent it is therefore requisite.

According to advices from Amsterdam, a ship is arrived at the Texel from the Cape of Good Hope, which place she left on the 30th of December, having had a long and toilsome voyage from thence. A Dutch squadron had arrived there from Europe, on the 23th, which consisted of four ships of the line, and three frigates, having four store-ships and ten sail of the East-India company ships under convoy; the fleet had a tolerable passage, but lost many men, particularly on board the men of war. There were at the Cape several ships from China and Batavia, that were waiting a convoy home, having been there about twelve months. The ship that is arrived at the Texel is the regular packet from Batavia, which place she left in September; there were then several ships lying for want of convoy to the Cape, which did not attempt to run in, till they should hear of the English squadron being off the coast; there was only a man of war at Batavia, an old ship of 56 guns, worn out and unfit for sea.

The squadron arrived at the Cape, consists of two ships of 60 guns, one of 56, one of 54, and one of 40, and two of 24 guns: no time had been fixed for their sailing, when the ship that brings the advices sailed.

They write from Corke, that the Fox, captain Coldbeard, from South-America, by some accident took fire in her passage, and was burnt down to the water's edge; the crew took to their boats, and were taken up by a vessel in sight, who landed them at that port.

They write from Crail, in Scotland, that the distresses of the poor in that part have been beyond description; and that several of the lower class of people have been almost famished for want of the necessaries of life; but they have been relieved from other places, and they now have a prospect of there being next harvest plentiful crops of all sorts of grain.

July 3. By a letter received from New-York, dated May 29, we learn, that several gentlemen going in the country to pay their friends a friendly visit; the rebels used them in a most barbarous manner, cutting their legs and arms off, and otherwise ill treating them. At the time that this letter of the date above mentioned, was writing, one of the loyalists was sent into the British lines, with the loss of his ears.

Some Dutch emigrants are going from Flushing to settle in North-Carolina, where a new town for commercial purposes is projecting; the settlers, chiefly Dutch, with a few French, are to have privileges the same as Americans born.

Extract of a letter from Paris, June 25.

"There is no longer any talk of difficulties in the definitive treaties; every thing is said to be amicably adjusted throughout, and waits only some explanations from America, which are the more necessary to put measures upon a secure and permanent footing; that the commerce of America may not be productive of future animosities."

SALEM, *August* 21.

We hear that a ship is fitting at Boston for an intended voyage to China; that her cargo out, in money and goods, will amount in value to £.150,000, and that she will sail the ensuing fall. Many eminent merchants in different parts of the continent, are said to be interested in this first adventure from the new world to the old.

HARTFORD, *September* 2.

Last Wednesday the wife of Mr. Ephraim Fisk, of Killingsworth, was delivered of four promising children, two sons and two daughters, which weighed in all twenty-four pounds and three quarters. The mother and children were all in a fare way to do well.

NEW-YORK.

Head-Quarters, New-York, August 17, 1783.

ORDERS.

The commander in chief has received the following instructions from his majesty, which are to be entered into the regimental books of the several corps; and his excellency makes no doubt but the contents will be strictly complied with.

GEORGE R.

WHEREAS we have thought fit that the forces under your command, in North-America, be forthwith reduced; our will and pleasure is, that in the doing thereof, you, or the persons appointed by you for this service, do cause the following instructions to be duly complied with; and all officers and soldiers of our said troops are hereby required to yield obedience thereto, as they shall answer the contrary at their peril.

1st. The 3d and 4th battalions of our 60th, or royal American regiment of foot, commanded by our trusty and well-beloved counsellor general lord Amherst. The 2d battalion of our 84th regiment, or royal highland emigrants, commanded by yourself, and our four corps respectively commanded by our trusty and well-beloved colonel Edward Fanning, our trusty and well-beloved lieutenant-colonel Robert Donkin, our trusty and well-beloved lieutenant-colonel Bornistree Tarleton, and our trusty and well-beloved lieutenant-colonel John Graves Simcoe, are to be entirely disbanded as soon as the same can possibly be done.

2dly. Our several regiments of foot respectively commanded by our trusty and well-beloved lieutenant-general George Morrison, our right trusty and well-beloved cousin and counsellor earl Cornwallis, our trusty and well-beloved lieutenant-general Sir Eyre Coote, our trusty and well beloved lieutenant-general Maurice Frederick, our trusty and well-beloved lieutenant general John Campbell, and the 1st battalion of our 42d or royal highland regiment of foot, commanded by our trusty and well-beloved gen. John Murray (commonly called lord John Murray) are to be forthwith reduced according to the plan hereunto annexed; and it is our will and pleasure that you, or such person or persons as you shall appoint for this service, do as soon as possible take care that each of said regiments be formed and consist of the numbers mentioned in the said annexed plan, and no more; and that all the non-commissioned officers and private men of our said regiments, over and above those numbers who are less fit for service, be discharged; in the doing whereof, as likewise in the disbanding the several battalions and corps specified in the first article of these our instructions, the following directions are to be duly observed.

3dly. Before such disbanding and reduction you are to cause an exact muster to be taken, or in case that cannot conveniently be done, effective rolls to be made of each troop and company of our said regiments, battalions and corps, and to transmit to our secretary at war, for our information, an account of their condition and numbers at the time of disbanding and reduction, together with a list of the names and rank of the commissioned officers hereby to be disbanded, specifying also, if any of them hold other commissions to which pay is annexed.

4thly. Our intention being only to pay off, at present, and clear the non-commissioned officers and private men of our said regiments, battalions, and corps, and give an allowance of half pay to the commissioned officers entitled thereto, from the time of disbanding,

You are to take care, before the disbanding and reduction, that the quarters of each troop and company be duly cleared. That the accounts between the men and their officers be made up, and that they be fully satisfied and paid their arrears, stoppages, bounty, and all other just pretensions, up to the day of their discharge inclusive; whereof the said officers are to take acquittances and discharges from them, respectively distinguishing each head of payment.

5thly. You are to take care that the arms delivered out of our stores of ordnance, to the disbanded men, and indented for, be returned thither again, and acquittances taken for the same.

6thly. You are to take care that each con-commissioned officer and private man, hereby to be disbanded, be permitted to carry away with him his cloaths and knapsack, which he now wears; the dragoons to be allowed their cloaths and cloaks, now in wear.

7thly. You are to provide a passage for all the disbanded commissioned officers, and for as many of the non-commissioned officers and private men discharged from the regiments which are to be reduced in this establishment, according to the plan hereunto annexed, as shall be desirous of returning to Great-Britain, either by hiring vessels or otherwise, as you shall find best for our service, and least expensive to the public, and cause them to embark with their wives and children, under the command of such discreet commissioned officers as you shall think necessary to take care of them on their passage, during which they are to be subsisted.

8thly. And we being pleased to allow each non-commissioned officer and private man of the battalions and corps hereby to be disbanded, fourteen days subsistence, as of our royal bounty, to carry them to the places of their former residence, and the like bounty, to such of the non-commissioned officers and private men, of the regiments hereby to be reduced as shall desire to continue in America. Our will and pleasure is that the said bounty money be paid to them respectively on the day of their discharge, and to such of them belonging to the said regiments last mentioned, as shall desire to return home; the like bounty money is to be paid upon their disembarkation in this kingdom, except to the men who may have been enlisted in Scotland or Ireland, to whom in consideration of their homes being more distant, we are pleased to allow 28 days subsistence, and receipts are to be taken for the said bounties, all which acquittances, discharges, and receipts, are to be transmitted to the agents of the said corps, to be produced to our secretary at war, as vouchers for the several payments herein directed.

9thly. You are to order the commissioned officers, whom you shall appoint to take care of the men on their passage, to send to our secretary at war authentic lists attested in the best manner, of the names of the non-commissioned officers and private men, and when dismissed in Great Britain, and to give them passes, in case they shall desire the same, to the places of their former residence, allowing them a reasonable time to repair thither, and strictly charging them not to travel with any arms, or more than three in company together, upon pain of the severest punishment.

And to the end the said non-commissioned officers and private men may be sensible of the care we have taken of them, on their dismission, you are to cause these our directions to be read at the head of each troop and company, for a more ready compliance with our pleasure hereby signified, and see that the same be put in execution.

Given at our court of St. James's, this 9th day of June, 1783, in the 23d year of our reign.

By his majesty's command.

R. FITZPATRICK.

Our trusty and well-beloved Sir Guy Carleton, K. B. and commander in chief of our forces in North-America, exclusive of Canada, or to the officer commanding in chief our forces for the time being.

Plan of the establishment of the several regiments to be reduced, referred to in his majesty's orders and instructions to Sir Guy Carleton, dated the 9th of June, 1783.

Lieutenant-general Morrison's regiment.

Field and staff officers.		One company.	
Colonel,		1 Captain,	
Lieutenant-colonel,		1 Lieutenant,	
Major,		1 Ensign,	
1 Chaplain,		2 Sergeants,	
1 Adjutant,		3 Corporals,	
1 Quarter-master,		2 Drummers,	
1 Surgeon,		48 Private men,	
1 Mate,		—	
—	5	58	
One company grenadiers.		—	
2 Captain,		290. Five companies more of the same.	
2 Lieutenants,		One company of light-infantry.	
3 Sergeants,		1 Captain,	
3 Corporals,		2 Lieutenants,	
2 Drummers,		2 Sergeants,	
2 Fifers,		3 Corporals,	
48 Private men,		2 Drummers,	
—		48 Private men,	
	60	—	
			58
		Total,	477

Five regiments of foot, commanded by,

33d, Charles earl Cornwallis,

37th, Sir Eyre Coote,

42d, Lord John Murray,

54th, Lieutenant-general Frederick,

57th, Major-general Campbell, of the like number, viz. 477.

N. B. Six commissioned officers, remain en second, being 2 captains, 2 lieutenants, 2 ensigns, belonging to the 9th and 10th companies of each corps.

It is moreover ordered, that the 17th infantry, 33d, 37th, 42d, 54th, and 57th regiments are to hold themselves in readiness to embark for Nova-Scotia, where they are to remain till further orders.

The 17th dragoons, the 7th foot, 22d, 23d, 38th, 40th, 43d, 70th, 76th, 80th, and 82d regiments to hold themselves in readiness to embark for Europe.

The 17th regiment of light dragoons, the 70th, 74th, 76th, 80th, and 82d regiments are to be disbanded as soon as they arrrive in Great-Britain, in the mean time the establishment of those corps (the dragoon regiment excepted) are to be reduced to 400 privates, which reductions are considered as having taken place on the 26th of June, 1783.

During the voyage home the officers and men are to be put under the usual stoppages of three-pence per day each, for provisions.

All such men as have entered into marching regiments of infantry since the 16th of December, 1775, and such as have entered into any other corps since the 9th of February, 1779, are now entitled to their discharges, provided they have been three years in the service from the date of their attestation; otherwise they will be entitled thereto upon completing that period of service. All men under these circumstances will be discharged, and passages provided for them home, except such as may desire to remain in America.

Should the regiments which continue in America, be by this means reduced below their intended peace establishment, they may be completed by such of the men entitled to their discharge, or dismissed from the disbanded or reduced corps, provincial as well as regular, as shall appear to be in every respect fit for the service, and shall be willing to be re-attested therein, without any limitation. For which purpose a bounty not exceeding five guineas, each man, may be offered to be paid them on their being attested anew, in the manner before mentioned; the amount of which is to be charged to the non-effective funds of their respective regiment, into which the men shall be incorporated.

The 3d and 4th battalions of the 60th, the king's American regiment, queen's rangers, British legion cavalry, detachment of the garrison battalion, New-York volunteers, British legion infantry, loyal American regiment, 1st, 2d, and 3d New-Jersey volunteers, 1st and 2d De Lancey's, prince of Wales's American regiment, Pennsylvania and Maryland loyalists, American legion, and guides and pioneers, and the men who wish to be discharged in America, are to hold themselves in readiness to embark for Nova-Scotia; where, on their arrival, those corps will be disbanded, unless any of them should choose to be dismissed at this place.

The non-commissioned officers and private men of the land forces, who may be reduced in Nova-Scotia, and wish to become settlers in that province, will be allowed grants of lands, at the rate of two hundred acres to every non-commissioned officer, and one hundred acres to every private man, exclusive of what he shall be entitled to in right of his family, discharged of all fees of office and quit-rents for the first ten years. And as a further inducement to them to become settlers, each man shall be furnished, out of the public stores, with the usual rations of provisions allowed to him for one year, and shall be permitted to retain his arms and accoutrements.

Returns to be given in immediately to the adjutant-general's office, of all such men as are entitled to their discharges, specifying whether they mean to go to Great-Britain or Nova-Scotia.

His majesty has been pleased to grant to the king's American dragoons, commanded by lieutenant-colonel Thompson, permanent rank in America, and half pay upon the reduction of the regiment.

PHILADELPHIA, *September* 6.

We are sorry to inform our readers, that the worthy major Kennedy, of the Bucks county militia, died of the wounds he received when Moles Doane and his infamous associates were attacked. The major was buried on Tuesday last with the honours of war.

Sept. 9. The ship Commerce, captain Truxton, arrived in England from Philadelphia, the latter end of June, after a fine passage, and the cutter Brothers, Major, arrived at Folkstone from Philadelphia, before the Kent left London.

RICHMOND, *September* 6.

On Wednesday the 29th of July, Mr. John Blate, from Essex county, aged about 24 years, shot himself through the head with a pistol, in the compting room of col. John Fitzgerald, of Alexandria, with whom he had acted as clerk, and whom he never mentioned but in terms of gratitude and affection. His services with that gentleman, although but a few months, was very endearing, and gave sufficient proof of his probity and real merit, which was acknowledged by a generous proposal of partnership. This unfortunate young man, about two months before, had taken the measles, which left a gloomy depression on his spirits, he was removed to a house in the country, where he continued about five weeks, had the greatest aversion to company, objected to every thing proposed for his amusement or recovery as vain; when in bed, chose to lie with his head covered, and was frequently talking to himself, especially of mornings, which appeared to be the hours of his greatest distress; he was always able to rid[e] or walk, and when he could be prevailed on, would converse with his usual good sense; he was entreated to assign the cause of his grief, and if much importu[ned] appeared greatly distressed, but would give no re[ason]. It was thought advisable that he should return to t[own], where the variety of company, help of medicine, &c. was hoped, would have a good effect, but as h[e] had often observed, all proved in vain; and on the [fourth] day after his returned to town, this melancholy and most horrid scene was perpetrated. He was g[enerally] esteemed by good men, and is much lamented by [all] his acquaintance.

August 21, 1783.

Pursuant to the last will and testament of Charles King, jun. late of St. Mary's county, deceased, will be sold, at public sale, on the premises, for ready money, tobacco, or short credit, with security, on bond, the 29th day of October next,

A TRACT of land called Harvey-town, containing about 300 acres, on which are a dwelling house, kitchen, and sundry out-houses. This land is situated on Patuxent-river, about four miles from the mouth, and on the St. Mary's county side, where great plenty of fish, oysters, and wild fowl, may be had in their seasons. w3

CHARLES KING, executor.

September 15, 1783.

To be SOLD, by the subscriber, at her house near London-town, on Tuesday the 28th of October next,

SEVERAL valuable cattle, horses, and sheep, with some household furniture.

MARY PEARSON.

WANTED to RENT, in or within two or three miles of this city,

A HOUSE for a small family; any one having such to let, are desired to leave the particulars directed for Mr. Nourse, at Mr Archibald Chisholm's.

Kent-Island, September 14, 1783.

LOST or mislaid, a certificate granted by the treasurer of the western shore to the subscriber for £.1000 continental currency, bearing date the 5th day of July 1780. All persons, and particularly public collectors, are cautioned against receiving it for assessment, or taking an assignment of it, as I have not disposed of it, and mean to obtain a duplicate from the proper authority. w3

JACOB RINGGOLD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, by Samuel Killam, and Samuel Treebarn, securities for John Long, late of Somerset county, deceased, for an act to enable them to expose to sale two tracts of land, called Hog-ridge and Wilson's purchase, for the purpose of discharging his debts.

Baltimore, September 4, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

THE subscriber's valuable plantation, situated on the north side of the river Severn, in Anne-Arundel county, about five miles from the city of Annapolis, containing two hundred and twenty-two acres of land, sixty whereof are cleared and under good fence, the rest well timbered, whereon are a genteel dwelling house and kitchen, with a passage twenty feet long adjoining the dwelling house, and several other valuable out-houses; likewise an apple and peach orchard, garden, and several springs of excellent water. The premises may be viewed by applying to Mr. Younger, living thereon. The title indisputable. Any person inclined to purchase may know the terms by applying to

RICHARD BURLAND.

September 6, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and LOT in George-town, on Patowmack, formerly belonging to captain William Waters, deceased; the house is calculated for trade, and stands on a water lot, is about 35 feet square with four rooms on the second floor; the quantity of ground is one acre, and fronts two streets; the price is £.500, one third to be paid at the time of sale, one third in twelve months, and one third in two years, upon giving bond with interest and approved security, or a discount of six per cent. will be allowed for prompt payment.

The subscriber will likewise sell his plantation on Rhode river on the same conditions, provided application is made before the first day of November next, but it will be needless to apply afterwards, as it will not be sold after that day.

NATHAN WATERS.

September 10, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that agreeable to the constitution and form of government, an election will be held at the city of Annapolis, on Monday the 6th of October next, for four delegates to represent Anne-Arundel county in general assembly the ensuing year.

RICHARD HARWOOD, *sheriff.*

September 10, 1783.

TO BE LET,

And may be entered on immediately,

A VERY valuable plantation, on West-river, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, 12 miles from Annapolis, containing upwards of 1000 acres, about 400 of which is wood land, and 500 of cleared upland, 20 acres of meadow fit for the sithe, and 50 more may be made; a large proportion of level low ground, very rich, and suitable for either grain, clover, or other grass, and a body of salt marsh, which affords a great deal of late and early pasturage. The whole of the land is equal in quality to any in the state, and the situation preferable to most, both for health and convenience; vessels of considerable burthen come up to the land, which affords an easy and cheap conveyance of the produce to Baltimore, the Head of Elk, or any other market on Chesapeake bay. Fish, oysters, and wild fowl, are taken in great plenty and perfection, close to the land.

The premises are accommodated with a large new house, two story high, with four rooms on each floor, and an handsome passage, in a pleasant and healthy situation, and also with all other houses necessary for the use of the plantation. It will be let for a term of years, to a complete farmer, of sufficient ability to manage it to the best advantage, and no other need apply. For further particulars inquire of ANNE PEMBERTON on the premises, or CALEB CARMALT, in Philadelphia. 2

August 18, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the subscribers intend to prefer a petition to the next general assembly, for building a bridge near Salisbury, in Somerset county, where the bridge formerly stood.

JAMES HOUSTON,
WILLIAM HORSEY,
ROBERT DASHIELL,
WILLIAM DYMOCK,
STEPHEN CHRISTIFER,

2

Dorchester county, Aug. 31, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly for an act to enable him to open a road to his grist mill from the main road leading from New-Market to Vienna, and to be continued across to the main road leading from Cambridge to Vienna.

2 MICHAEL H. BONWILL.

Charles county, August 27, 1783.

BROKE gaol with the assistance of some villain or villains, on the night of the 25th instant, a mulatto fellow by the name of GUSTAVUS CROSEN; he is about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, of a simple inoffensive aspect, soft of speech, and wears his hair tied behind and plaited before. The cloaths he had on when he broke gaol I think it needless to describe, as in all probability he has others which I never saw; having been some years in the continental service he may probably have a suit of regimentals, by means of which he may pass for a soldier, and escape examination. I will give twenty dollars to any person who will bring the said Crosen to me, and fifty for the discovery of the person or persons who assisted him in making his escape, so that they may be convicted thereof and brought to punishment.

2 CHARLES MANKIN, sheriff.

THE proprietors of the land at the upper end of the estate known by the name of the Indian-town, on Wiccomico-river, St. Mary's county, having determined to lay out forty acres of land for a town, Notice is hereby given, that sundry inhabitants of St. Mary's county, will petition the assembly at their next session, for a law to establish a warehouse for the inspection of tobacco on the land aforesaid. 2

August 4, 1783.

To be SOLD, by the vestrymen of Shrewsbury parish, agreeable to an act of assembly, at PUBLIC SALE, on Monday the 3d day of November next,

THE glebe land belonging to said parish, laying adjoining to the middle parish church. The sale to be on the premises, and to begin at ten o'clock of the said day, if fair, if not the first fair day following. Attendance will be given and the conditions made known on the said day.

By order of the vestry,

EBEN. HEYNER, register.

ALL persons indebted to any of the late, or present, Publishers of this paper, are earnestly requested to settle their accounts, by bond, note, or payment.

FREDERICK GREEN.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, for an act establishing a road, leading from Samuel Logwood's blacksmith's shop through the lands of Walton Purnell and Hampton Hopkins, to a grist-mill, and thence across the mill-dam, to a place called Truman's-branch, in Worcester county. 6

August 28, 1783.

WE the subscribers have appointed Mr. James Skinner, inspector, to collect all debts that may be due to our store, which was under the direction of colonel Joseph Wilkinson, at Hunting-town, in Calvert county; those debts have been due some time, and very little collection made, or even any regard paid to our advertisements to that purpose. As Joseph Dowson intends for Europe this fall, we once more request that payment will be made immediately to enable him to execute his plan of going to England, otherwise they may depend that suits will be brought without respect of persons. 1m

DOWSON and COWMAN.

THE subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, for an act for the recording a certificate of division of a parcel of land lying in Charles county, and known by the name of New Branford, which was the property of a certain Mary Pigeon, and divided amongst her several children by mutual consent, as may appear by the certificate the 13th day of September, 1767.

w8 3 JOSEPH MORTON.

September 10, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

SIX hundred acres of very rich and valuable land, part of which is well known by the name of White-Hall, situated and lying on the head of South-river, about 10 miles from Annapolis, 20 from Baltimore, and within 4 or 5 of navigable water, both on Severn and South-river; one half is cleared; a large quantity of meadow may be made at a small expence, the rest well timbered, the whole well watered, and convenient to several good mills. Improvements thereon are, three dwelling houses, one of which is 40 by 20 feet, with two brick chimnies, the others of smaller dimensions, one tobacco house, several out-houses, two orchards; this land produces grain of every kind in great abundance, and is most remarkable for crops of tobacco. Any person inclinable to purchase the whole, or any part thereof, may be acquainted with the terms by applying to ANNE PEMBERTON. Also will be sold, sundry horses, mares, and colts, some full-blooded, black cattle, and household furniture.

2 ANNE PEMBERTON.

August 16, 1783.

THE subscriber hereby gives public notice, that he intends to petition the general assembly of the state of Maryland, at their next meeting, to pass an act to empower him to lay out a town at Chapel-point, on the mouth of Port-Tobacco-creek, in Charles county. w8

4 IGNATIUS MATTHEWS.

OFFICE for CONFISCATED ESTATES,
Annapolis, August 19, 1783.

To be SOLD at PUBLIC AUCTION, on the premises, at George-town, on Monday the 20th day of October next,

THAT valuable house and lot late the property of William and Robert Molleson, for the purpose of paying the debts of the said Mollesons. Also on the same day, on the premises, in the same town, the house and lot late the property of Dunlop and son, for the purpose of discharging their debts. The purchase money to be paid in one year. Bonds with good security will be required at the time of sale.

All persons having any claims against the above mentioned estates, are requested to have them adjusted by the auditor-general, and approved of by the governor and council, which will entitle them to receive their proportions of the bonds, or of the money when paid.

By order,

J. DORSEY, clk.

4

To be SOLD,

ELEGANT GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, for ladies and gentlemen, with chains and trinkets. Enquire at the Post-Office. 5

Annapolis, June 5, 1783.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of LAND, lying in Frederick county, between Frederick and Baltimore towns, about 15 miles from the former and 35 miles from Baltimore-town, containing 580 acres more or less, well improved, with a dwelling house, two good barns, and all other necessary buildings, a peach orchard and apple orchard, containing 350 trees, 150 of which bear, the remainder was set this spring; ten acres of meadow ground cleared and enclosed, and a part sown down this spring with timothy; it is needless to give any further description of this place. Any person who would incline to become a purchaser, by applying to Mr. William Hobbs of Samuel, may be shewn the land, and indulged with credit, on giving bond and security for the performance of the contract they may enter into with the subscriber, and have possession soon enough to seed the ground.

Likewise to be sold, a complete waggon with four horses, and geers for the whole; likewise three or four healthy able-bodied negroes, and plantation utensils. The personal property will be sold for ready money, or short credit with approved security.

Likewise to be rented for a term of years, a tan-yard in the city of Annapolis, where that business may be carried on to great advantage by a sober industrious man who will apply to his business; the tenant may take the yard in the state it is now in, or the subscriber will put it in complete order, and give his encouragement to the industrious tenant.

15 X THOMAS HYDE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to prefer a petition to the general assembly, at their next session, praying an act may pass, establishing a road leading from the subscriber's plantation, through Mr. Philemon Warfield's, into the main road, which road has been made use of without molestation upwards of thirty-seven years past, but is now stopped up. 5 w 8

WILLIAM WOODWARD.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Luke Robinson, in Anne-Arundel county, a bay mare, about 12½ hands high, not branded, has one white saddle spot, a star in her forehead, and a white spot on her breast. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. 2 w 3

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of Dorchester county intend to petition the next general assembly of Maryland, for an act to enable them to levy a sufficient sum of money to purchase a piece of ground, and to build a house thereon for the use of the poor of said county. 3 w 8

Baltimore, July 5, 1783.

I HEREBY give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply by petition, to the next general assembly of the state of Maryland, for a repeal of an act of assembly passed in April session, 1782, entitled, An act to empower Catherine Woolsey, to sell the real estate of George Woolsey, her late husband, for the purposes therein mentioned.

15 X *WILLIAM WOOLSEY.*

OFFICE for CONFISCATED ESTATES,
Annapolis, August 13, 1783.

PURSUANT to directions of a late act of the general assembly, will be sold at public auction, in Baltimore-town, on Tuesday the 7th day of October next, upwards of 8000 acres of land, late the property of the Principio company, lying in the neighbourhood of that great and flourishing mart. The whole is divided into small and convenient farms, many of them being well calculated for country seats for gentlemen. The purchase money to be paid at three equal annual payments, for which bonds with good securities will be required at the time of sale.

By order, 5 J. DORSEY, clk.

Port-Royal, February 9, 1779.

UPWARDS of two years ago I was struck with a paralytic stroke, which affected me very much; it happened that I met with Mr. Logan, who promised to make a cure of my leg and arm, without any inward application, by applying a kind of ointment; I found in about a fortnight a great deal of relief in my right arm, knee, and ancle; from the anguish of the gout it continued rather longer than I expected. I write this for the good of mankind. EDWARD DIXON.

Gloucester county, April 14, 1779.

I HEREBY certify, that my wife has been bad with rheumatic pains these six years, and captain Whiton sent Mr. Logan to see her; when he came he said he could relieve her, and in three weeks time she was clear of all pains in her arms. This I write in behalf of Mr. Logan, as several doctors have had her in hand and did her no good.

EDWARD LAYTON.

Baltimore, August 6, 1779.

THIS is to certify, that Mr. Logan, of Annapolis, prescribed medicines for John Hayman, who was confined to his bed with the rheumatism for a long time, by which I was restored to perfect health.

JOHN HAYMAN.

Kent county, April 11, 1781.

MICHAEL EARLE, Esq; who had a white swelling for about sixteen years, was also restored to perfect health by Mr. Logan's medicine.

Prince-George's county, February 8, 1782.

A GENTLEMAN who had the piles and gravel for about sixteen years, was also restored to perfect health by Mr. Logan's medicine.

I ALSO relieve palsies, rheumatisms, gout, gravel, fluxes, contractions of the limbs, white swellings, dropsy, running ulcers, &c. &c. I will take patients at my own house, or elsewhere in Annapolis; but cannot attend any in the country, except such as are confined to their beds. Constant attendance will be given, by their very humble servant,

26 WILLIAM LOGAN.

Anne-Arundel county, July 29, 1783.

To be sold, on the premises, to the highest bidder, on Wednesday the 24th of September next, if fair, if not the next fair day, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon,

THE subscriber's plantation in Prince-George's county, laying on the main stream of that noted branch Collington, and between three and four miles from Queen-Anne, containing 549 acres of rich level land, well supplied with a number of other streams, and remarkable for producing fine tobacco, Indian corn, wheat, rye, oats, &c. This land is loaded with the best building timber, rail stuff, and fire wood; the improvements, a dwelling house, 20 feet by 16, with a brick chimney, three tobacco houses, a large new sheded corn house, three apple orchards, and a variety of other kinds of fruit trees. The terms of payment will be made known on the day of sale, and a good title given to the purchaser by

tf THOMAS HENRY HALL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of that part of Cæcil county, containing Bohemia Manor, Middle Neck, North Sassafras, West Sassafras, and Bohemia hundreds; of Kent county, containing Chapel, Upper, South Sassafras, and George-town hundreds, that part of Morgan's-creek hundred laying to the eastward of the great road leading from George-town to Collester's ferry; intend petitioning the next general assembly of Maryland for an act to erect the said district into a new county.

OFFICE for CONFISCATED ESTATES,
Annapolis, August 14, 1783.

PURSUANT to a late act of the general assembly, will be sold at public auction, the following property, in order to discharge the debts due from Anthony Stewart, the late proprietor thereof, viz.

At the court-house of Dorset county, on Friday the 17th of October next, about 1200 acres of land, lying in said county, known by the name of Brown's Folly, Walter's Range, and Green's Timber Yard.

At London-town, on Saturday the 25th the farm called Mount Stewart, containing about 266 acres, situated about two miles from said town.

One year's credit will be given the purchasers upon giving bond with security.

All persons having claims against the said estate, are requested to have them adjusted by the auditor-general, and approved of by the governor and council, which will entitle them to their proportionate part of the bonds, or of the money when paid.

By order, 5 J. DORSEY, clk.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. Allen Bowie, senior, late of Prince-George's county, deceased, are requested to discharge their accounts immediately, and such as have claims are desired to send in their accounts legally proved, that they may be settled by

FIELDER BOWIE,
JOHN F. BOWIE, } *executors.*

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

THE JOCKEY CLUB PURSE of SIXTY GUINEAS, will be run for at Annapolis on the first Tuesday in November next, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, belonging to a member of the club; heats four miles each; four years old to carry seven stone, five years old seven stone twelve pounds, six years old eight stone seven pounds, aged nine stone.

Any horse winning two clear heats to be entitled to the purse.

The horses to start precisely at eleven o'clock, and any disputes which may arise will be determined by a majority of the members present.

RICHARD T. LOWNDES, secretary to the club.

N. B. The members who have not seen the proceedings of the last meeting, held on the 15th of May, are informed that the club will meet the Monday preceding the race at Mr. Mann's tavern, and that the annual subscription of three guineas is to be paid to the secretary (or in his absence to Mr. George Mann) on or before the first of October next.

On Wednesday the 5th of November,

A SUBSCRIPTION PURSE of SEVENTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, except the horse winning the jockey club purse, heats four miles each; four years old to carry seven stone, five years old seven stone ten pounds, six years old eight stone seven pounds, aged nine stone.

On Thursday the 6th of November,

A PURSE of THIRTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, of three and four years old, four years old to carry seven stone, and three years old a feather; heats two miles each.

Any horse winning two clear heats to be entitled to the purse. Three horses to start each day or no race. The winning horse the first day excluded the second day.

Entrance the first day two guineas, for the second four dollars. The horses to be entered with George Mann the day preceding the race, or pay double entrance at the post, and to start each day precisely at 12 o'clock.

Proper judges will be appointed for the races.

No person will be permitted to encumber the course with booths, without leave from the clerk of the course. 4

RAN away from the subscriber, living on the head of South-river, about four miles from Annapolis, on the 18th day of July last, a lusty young negro wench named BET, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, 25 years of age, a dark mulatto, she has a very bold impudent look, she has a large scar on one of her arms above her elbow, occasioned by a burn; had on when she went away, a white country linen thread and cotton shift, a white country cotton and yarn petticoat; it is likely she may have changed her cloaths, as she has a great many relations at Mr. Richard Darnall's, who may have supplied her with others. Whoever will take up the said negro and bring her home to the subscriber, shall receive twenty shillings, paid by tf

NICHOLAS L. DARNALL.

August 12, 1783.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of capt. Gerard Fowke, late of Charles county, deceased, are requested to make immediate payment; and those that have claims against the said estate, are desired to bring them in that they may be adjusted. w 4

SARAH FOWKE, executrix,
GERARD FOWKE, executor.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly, to pass an act to enable her to devise and dispose, by her testament and last will, of all the lands her late husband, George Maxwell, died possessed of, among her children, or so much thereof as may remain undisposed of after all debts due and owing by the said George Maxwell shall be paid and satisfied. 8 w

4 ELIZABETH MAXWELL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be offered by fundry of the inhabitants of Charles county to the next general assembly, for an act to pass for building a court-house at the place formerly laid out for a town by the late rev. Mr. George Hunter, at the mouth of Port-Tobacco-creek, and also for the condemnation of the land there necessary to build a town on, provided the present proprietor should refuse or delay to sell and convey the lots on reasonable terms. 4

A few Copies of the

LAWS,

Passed April Session 1783, may be had at the Printing Office.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, Charles-Street.